§ 7.5007

types of data to the extent convenient or useful to provide the data processing services described in paragraph (a), including where reasonably necessary to conduct those activities on a competitive basis. The total revenue attributable to the bank's data processing activities under this section must be derived predominantly from processing the activities described in paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 7.5007 Correspondent services.

It is part of the business of banking for a national bank to offer as a correspondent service to any of its affiliates or to other financial institutions any service it may perform for itself. The following list provides examples of electronic activities that banks may offer correspondents under this authority. This list is illustrative and not exclusive; the OCC may determine that other activities are permissible pursuant to this authority.

- (a) The provision of computer networking packages and related hardware:
 - (b) Data processing services;
- (c) The sale of software that performs data processing functions;
- (d) The development, operation, management, and marketing of products and processing services for transactions conducted at electronic terminal devices;
- (e) Item processing services and related software;
- (f) Document control and record keeping through the use of electronic imaging technology;
- (g) The provision of Internet merchant hosting services for resale to merchant customers;
- (h) The provision of communication support services through electronic means; and
- (i) Digital certification authority services.

§ 7.5008 Location of a national bank conducting electronic activities.

A national bank shall not be considered located in a State solely because it physically maintains technology, such as a server or automated loan center, in that state, or because the bank's products or services are accessed

through electronic means by customers located in the state.

§ 7.5009 Location under 12 U.S.C. 85 of national banks operating exclusively through the Internet.

For purposes of 12 U.S.C. 85, the main office of a national bank that operates exclusively through the Internet is the office identified by the bank under 12 U.S.C. 22(Second) or as relocated under 12 U.S.C. 30 or other appropriate authority.

§ 7.5010 Shared electronic space.

National banks that share electronic space, including a co-branded web site, with a bank subsidiary, affiliate, or another third-party must take reasonable steps to clearly, conspicuously, and understandably distinguish between products and services offered by the bank and those offered by the bank's subsidiary, affiliate, or the third-party.

PART 8—ASSESSMENT OF FEES

Sec.

- 8.1 Scope and application.
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- 8.8 Notice of Comptroller of the Currency fees.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 93a, 481, 482, 1867, 3102, and 3108; 15 U.S.C. 78c and 78l; and 26 D.C. Code 102.

§ 8.1 Scope and application.

The assessments contained in this part are made pursuant to the authority contained in 12 U.S.C. 93a, 481, 482, 1867, 3102, and 3108; 15 U.S.C. 78c and 78l; and 26 D.C. Code 102.

[67 FR 37665, May 30, 2002]

§ 8.2 Semiannual assessment.

(a) Each national bank and each District of Columbia bank shall pay to the Comptroller of the Currency a semi-annual assessment fee, due by January 31 and July 31 of each year, for the sixmonth period beginning 30 days beforeach payment date. The amount of the semiannual assessment paid by each bank is computed as follows:

If the bank's total assets (consolidated domestic and foreign subsidiaries) are:		The semiannual assessment is:		
		This amount—	Plus	Of excess over—
Over—	But not over—	Base amount	Marginal rates	Of excess over—
Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E
Million	Million			Million
\$0	\$2	X1	0	
2	20	X2	Y1	\$2
20	100	X3	Y2	20
100	200	X4	Y3	100
200	1,000	X5	Y4	200
1,000	2,000	X6	Y5	1,000
2,000	6,000	X7	Y6	2,000
6,000	20,000	X8	Y7	6,000
20,000	40,000	X9	Y8	20,000
40,000		X10	Y9	40,000

- (1) Every national bank falls into one of the ten asset-size brackets denoted by Columns A and B. A bank's semi-annual assessment is composed of two parts. The first part is the calculation of a base amount of the assessment, which is computed on the assets of the bank up to the lower endpoint (Column A) of the bracket in which it falls. This base amount of the assessment is calculated by the OCC in Column C.
- (2) The second part is the calculation by the bank of assessments due on the remaining assets of the bank in excess of Column E. The excess is assessed at the marginal rate shown in Column D.
- (3) The total semiannual assessment is the amount in Column C, plus the amount of the bank's assets in excess of Column E times the marginal rate in Column D: Assessments = $C+[(Assets-E)\times D]$.
- (4) Each year, the OCC may index the marginal rates in Column D to adjust for the percent change in the level of prices, as measured by changes in the Gross Domestic Product Implicit Price Deflator (GDPIPD) for each June-to-June period. The OCC may at its discretion adjust marginal rates by amounts less than the percentage change in the GDPIPD. The OCC will also adjust the amounts in Column C to reflect any change made to the marginal rate.
- (5) The specific marginal rates and complete assessment schedule will be published in the "Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees", provided for at §8.8 of this part. Each semi-annual assessment is based upon the total assets shown in the bank's most

- recent "Consolidated Report of Condition (Including Domestic and Foreign Subsidiaries)" (Call Report) preceding the payment date. The assessment shall be computed in the manner and on the form provided by the Comptroller of the Currency. Each bank subject to the jurisdiction of the Comptroller of the Currency on the date of the second or fourth quarterly Call Report required by the Office under 12 U.S.C. 161 is subject to the full assessment for the next six-month period.
- (6)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the OCC may reduce the semiannual assessment for each non-lead bank by a percentage that it will specify in the Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees described in §8.8.
- (ii) For purposes of this paragraph (a)(6):
- (A) Lead bank means the largest national bank controlled by a company, based on a comparison of the total assets held by each national bank controlled by that company as reported in each bank's Call Report filed for the quarter immediately preceding the payment of a semiannual assessment.
- (B) Non-lead bank means a national bank that is not the lead bank controlled by a company that controls two or more national banks.
- (C) Control and company have the same meanings as these terms have in sections 2(a)(2) and 2(b), respectively, of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841(a)(2) and (b)).
- (b)(1) Each Federal branch and each Federal agency shall pay to the Comptroller of the Currency on or before

January 31 and July 31 of each year a semiannual assessment fee for the six month period beginning thirty days before each payment date.

- (2) The amount of the semiannual assessment paid by each Federal branch and Federal agency shall be computed at the same rate as provided in the Table in 12 CFR 8.2(a); however, only the total domestic assets of the Federal branch or Federal agency shall be subject to assessment.
- (3) Each semiannual assessment of each Federal branch or Federal agency is based upon the total assets shown in the Call Report most recently preceding the payment date. The assessment shall be computed in the manner and on the form provided by the OCC. Each Federal branch or Federal agency subject to the jurisdiction of the OCC on the date of the second and fourth Call Reports is subject to the full assessment for the next six month period.
- (4)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the OCC may reduce the semiannual assessment for each non-lead Federal branch or agency by an amount that it will specify in the Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees described in §8.8.
- (ii) For purposes of this paragraph (b)(4):
- (A) Lead Federal branch or agency means the largest Federal branch or agency of a foreign bank, based on a comparison of the total assets held by each Federal branch or agency of that foreign bank as reported in each Federal branch's or agency's Call Report filed for the quarter immediately preceding the payment of a semiannual assessment.
- (B) Non-lead Federal branch or agency means a Federal branch or Federal agency that is not the lead Federal branch or agency of a foreign bank that controls two or more Federal branches or agencies.
- (c) Additional assessment for independent credit card banks—(1) General rule. In addition to the assessment calculated according to paragraph (a) of this section, each independent credit card bank will pay an assessment based on receivables attributable to credit card accounts owned by the bank. This assessment will be computed by adding to its asset-based assessment an addi-

tional amount determined by its level of receivables attributable. The dollar amount of the additional assessment will be published in the "Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Notice of Fees." described at §8.8.

- Fees," described at §8.8.

 (2) Credit card banks affiliated with full-service national banks. The OCC will assess an independent credit card bank in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this section, notwithstanding that the bank is affiliated with a full-service national bank, if the OCC concludes that the affiliation is intended to evade this part.
- (3) *Definitions.* For purposes of this paragraph (c), the following definitions apply:

(i) Affiliate has the same meaning as this term has in 12 U.S.C. 221a(b).

- (ii) Engaged primarily in card operations means a bank described in section 2(c)(2)(F) of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1841(c)(2)(F)) or whose ratio of total gross receivables attributable to the bank's balance sheet assets exceeds 50%.
- (iii) Full-service national bank is a national bank that generates more than 50% of its interest and non-interest income from activities other than credit card operations or trust activities and is authorized according to its charter to engage in all types of permissible banking activities.
- (iv) *Independent credit card bank* is a national bank that engages primarily in credit card operations and is not affiliated with a full-service national bank.
- (v) Receivables attributable is the total amount of outstanding balances due on credit card accounts owned by an independent credit card bank (the receivables attributable to those accounts) on the last day of the assessment period, minus receivables retained on the bank's balance sheet as of that day.
- (4) Reports of receivables attributable. Independent credit card banks will report receivables attributable data to the OCC semiannually at a time specified by the OCC.
- (d) Surcharge based on the condition of the bank. Subject to any limit that the OCC prescribes in the Notice of the Comptroller of the Currency Fees, the OCC shall apply a surcharge to the semiannual assessment computed in

accordance with paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section. This surcharge will be determined by multiplying the semiannual assessment computed in accordance with paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section by—

- (1) 1.5, in the case of any bank that receives a composite rating of 3 under the Uniform Financial Institutions Rating System (UFIRS) and any Federal branch or agency that receives a composite rating of 3 under the ROCA rating system (which rates risk management, operational controls, compliance, and asset quality) at its most recent examination; and
- (2) 2.0, in the case of any bank that receives a composite UFIRS rating of 4 or 5 and any Federal branch or agency that receives a composite rating of 4 or 5 under the ROCA rating system at its most recent examination.

[44 FR 20065, Apr. 4, 1979, as amended at 49 FR 26205, June 27, 1984; 49 FR 50602, Dec. 31, 1984; 53 FR 48627, Dec. 1, 1988; 55 FR 49842, Nov. 30, 1990; 57 FR 22416, May 28, 1992; 61 FR 64002, Dec. 2, 1996; 62 FR 54745, Oct. 21, 1997; 62 FR 64137, Dec. 4, 1997; 66 FR 29893, June 1, 2001; 66 FR 57647, Nov. 16, 2001; 66 FR 58786, Nov. 23, 2001; 67 FR 57509, Sept. 11, 2002; 67 FR 62873, Oct. 9, 2002]

§ 8.6 Fees for special examinations and investigations.

- (a) Fees. Pursuant to the authority contained in 12 U.S.C. 481 and 482, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency assesses a fee for:
- (1) Examining the fiduciary activities of national and District of Columbia banks and related entities;
- (2) Conducting special examinations and investigations of national banks, District of Columbia banks, and Federal branches or Federal agencies of foreign banks;
- (3) Conducting special examinations and investigations of an entity with respect to its performance of activities described in section 7(c) of the Bank Company Act Service (12 1867(c)), if the OCC determines that assessment of the fee is warranted with regard to a particular bank because of the high risk or unusual nature of the activities performed; the significance to the bank's operations and income of the activities performed; or the extent to which the bank has sufficient systems, controls, and personnel to ade-

quately monitor, measure, and control risks arising from such activities;

- (4) Conducting special examinations and investigations of affiliates of national banks, District of Columbia banks, and Federal branches or Federal agencies of foreign banks; and
- (5) Conducting examinations and investigations made pursuant to 12 CFR part 5, Rules, Policies, and Procedures for Corporate Activities.
- (b) Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees. The OCC publishes the fee schedule for fiduciary activities, special examinations and investigations, examinations of affiliates and examinations related to corporate activities in the Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees described in §8.8.
- (c) Additional assessments on trust banks. (1) Independent trust banks. The assessment of independent trust banks will include a fiduciary and related asset component, in addition to the assessment calculated according to §8.2 of this part, as follows:
- (i) *Minimum fee.* All independent trust banks will pay a minimum fee, to be provided in the Notice of Comptroller of the currency Fees.
- (ii) Additional amount for independent trust banks with fiduciary and related assets in excess of \$1 billion. Independent trust banks with fiduciary and related assets in excess of \$1 billion will pay an amount that exceeds the minimum fee. The amount to be paid will be calculated by multiplying the amount of fiduciary and related assets by a rate or rates provided by the OCC in the Notice of Comptroller of the Currency Fees.
- (iii) Surcharge based on the condition of the bank. Subject to any limit that the OCC prescribes in the Notice of the Comptroller of the Currency Fees, the OCC shall adjust the semiannual assessment computed in accordance with paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section by multiplying that figure by 1.5 for each independent trust bank that receives a composite rating of 3 under the Uniform Financial Institutions Rating System (UFIRS) at its most recent examination and by 2.0 for each bank that receives a composite UFIRS rating of 4 or 5 at such examination.
- (2) Trust banks affiliated with full-service national banks. The OCC will assess